Writing your language
Introduction

The task was to develop a writing system for a foreign language, as an exercise in language development. The task was to create a writing system that would allow people to write in a language other than their native language. The system was to be used in schools and in books. For this, we needed to design a writing system that would be easy to learn and easy to use. The system was to be designed in such a way that it would be easy to learn and easy to use. The system was to be designed in such a way that it would be easy to learn and easy to use.

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Don't write letters that have no sound.

Introduction
Work out your spelling system

In Tok Pisin, this is not so much of a problem, and the spelling is generally quite good.

When we make spelling for our local languages, we should try to make the spelling easy to learn, and not write letters that do not have a sound.

1. **Don't write the same sound with different letters**

   When we make spelling for our local languages, we should try to make the spelling show the different sounds of the language as clearly as possible. Sometimes there are two sounds that are very close to each other, if the community wants to, then these can be written with the same letter. But most of the time, it is better to write different sounds with different letters.

2. **Use letters like those in Tok Pisin or English, or other languages**

   We can see that where English uses c and k to write the same sound, Tok Pisin has a different spelling system. In English, you only use one letter. k. When you think about the spelling of our local language, you should try to use the smallest number of letters that you can.
If our spelling system was completely accurate, everyone would be able to follow the names of people, places, and things without any confusion. However, our spelling system is not perfect, and we often make mistakes. This means that we need a way to correct these mistakes, and that is why we have a spelling system.
A new sound can be written with a group of letters. This is common in English, where the letter "th" makes the sound of "th" in "think," and the letter "sh" makes the sound of "sh" in "ship." In other languages, such as Spanish or Italian, letters like "ch" or "ll" are used to represent sounds that are not found in English. The letter "th" is also used in other languages to represent sounds that are not found in English, such as the "th" in "thin." In many languages, there are special letters or combinations of letters that are used to represent sounds that are not found in English. This is because different languages have different sounds, and the same letters can represent different sounds in different languages. For example, the letter "q" in English is silent, but in Spanish, it represents the sound of "h." In Japanese, the letter "k" is pronounced differently depending on its context. In English, the letter "k" is pronounced as a voiceless alveolar stop, but in Japanese, it can be pronounced as a fricative or as a voiced alveolar stop. This is because the Japanese language has many different sounds that are not found in English, and the same letters can represent different sounds in different languages. In English, the letter "w" is used to represent the sound of "w" in words like "wan" and "wet," but in many languages, it is used to represent different sounds, such as the "y" sound in "fly" or the "w" sound in "jew." This is because different languages have different sounds, and the same letters can represent different sounds in different languages. In English, the letter "y" is used to represent the sound of "y" in words like "why" and "year," but in many languages, it is used to represent different sounds, such as the "i" sound in "sky" or the "y" sound in "jew." This is because different languages have different sounds, and the same letters can represent different sounds in different languages. In English, the letter "u" is used to represent the sound of "u" in words like "book" and "rug," but in many languages, it is used to represent different sounds, such as the "u" sound in "juice" or the "o" sound in "go." This is because different languages have different sounds, and the same letters can represent different sounds in different languages.